# SECTIONReady To Go On? Skills Intervention5A5-2 Using Intercepts

Find these vocabulary words in Lesson 5-2 and the Multi-Language Visual Glossary.

Vocabulary							
y-intercept x	-intercept						
<b>Graphing Linear Equations by Using Intercepts</b> Use intercepts to graph the line described by the equation $5x - 2y = 10$ .							
STEP 1: The <i>x</i> -intercept is	the point where the line	the	axis.				
The y-coordinate for the x-i	ntercept is always						
Find the <i>x</i> -intercept of 5 <i>x</i> -	2 <i>y</i> = 10.						
$5x - 2(\) = 10$	Substitute $y = 0$ .						
5 <i>x</i> - () = 10	Multiply.						
5 <i>x</i> = 10							
x =							
The point where $5x - 2y =$	10 crosses the <i>x</i> -axis is (, 0).						
STEP 2: The y-intercept is	the point where the line	the	axis.				
The x-coordinate for the y-i	ntercept is always						
Find the <i>y</i> -intercept of 5 <i>x</i> –	2y = 10.						
5() - 2 <i>y</i> = 10	Substitute $x = 0$ .						
() - 2 <i>y</i> = 10	Multiply.						
-2y = 10							
<i>y</i> =							
The point where $5x - 2y =$	10 crosses the <i>y</i> -axis is (0,).		<b>А</b> У 2				
STEP 3: The x-intercept is	(, 0). Plot this point on the	-4	-2 2 4				
coordinate system. The y-in	tercept is (0,). Plot this point		-2				
on the coordinate system. (	Connect these two intercepts with	·····	-4-				

a straight line.

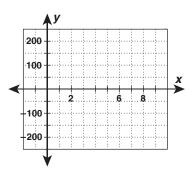
4. Graph the ordered pairs from the table.

- 5. Name the ordered pair of the *y*-intercept.
- 6. The y-intercept represents the amount of \_\_\_\_\_
  - Jaime owes his \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. Name the ordered pair of the *x*-intercept.
- 8. The x-intercept represents the number of \_\_\_\_\_\_ that will

pass before Jaime has paid off his mom.

# Look Back

- 9. To check your answer, substitute the intercepts into the function.
  - x-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_  $f(\_) = 50(\_) - 250$  $f(\_) = 50(\_) - 250$ f() = -250f() = -250*f*(\_\_\_\_) = \_\_\_\_  $f(\_\_) = \_\_$
- **10.** Do the intercepts make the function true?



### **SECTION** Ready to Go On? Problem Solving Intervention 5-2 Using Intercepts 5A

The intercepts of the graph of a linear function are specific points on the line. They are the points where the line intersects each axis.

Jaime earns a monthly allowance of \$50. He currently owes his mom \$250 for money she let him borrow. The function f(x) = 50x - 250 represents Jaime's current allowance status, where x = months. Graph the function and find its intercepts. What does each intercept represent?

# **Understand the Problem**

1.	What does x represent?	

**2.** What does *f*(*x*) represent? \_\_\_\_\_

# Make a Plan

3.

Solve

Use the function f(x) = 50x - 250 to complete the table.	x	0	1	2	3	4	5
	у	-250					0